Material Safety Data Sheet



Date of issue 24 February 2014

Version 3

Product and company identification

Product name : 02GN084 BASE COMPONENT

Code : 02GN084

Supplier : PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto

12780 San Fernando Road

Sylmar, CA 91342 Phone: 818 362 6711

Emergency telephone

<u>number</u>

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

: DANGER!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES EYE BURNS. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY AND SKIN REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED. SANDING AND GRINDING DUSTS MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

Keep away from flames, such as a pilot light, and any object that sparks, such as an electric motor. Keep away from heat. Do not smoke. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation

: May be harmful if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can irritate eyes, nose,

mouth and throat. May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.Skin: Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Can form nitrosamines in the presence of certain organic materials and if heated.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure

: Pre-existing respiratory and skin disorders and disorders involving any other target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

This Material Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with Canada's Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) and the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

See toxicological information (Section 11)

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 1/10

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	CAS number	<u>%</u>
Ø ypsum	13397-24-5	10 - 30
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	10 - 30
butan-2-ol	78-92-2	5 - 10
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	5 - 10
dipraseodymium trioxide	12036-32-7	1 - 5
pentan-2-one	107-87-9	1 - 5
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	1 - 5
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	25068-38-6	1 - 5
crystalline silica respirable (>10 microns)	14808-60-7	0.5 - 1.5
bisphenol A	80-05-7	0.1 - 1
4-nonylphenol, branched	84852-15-3	0.1 - 1
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	112-24-3	0.1 - 1
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	0.1 - 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Material Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Inhalation

: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Ingestion

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Notes to physician

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

United States - Canada - Mexico

Page: 2/10

5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Material Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Do not store above the following temperature: 120F / 49C.

United States - Canada - Mexico

Page: 3/10

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Name	Result	ACGIH	OSHA	Ontario	Mexico	PPG
Ø ypsum	TWA	10 mg/m³	15 mg/m³ TD 5 mg/m³ R	10 mg/m³	Not established	Not established
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	25 ppm
butan-2-ol	TWA	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	100 ppm	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	150 ppm	150 ppm	Not established
titanium dioxide	TWA	10 mg/m³	15 mg/m³ TD	10 mg/m³ TD	10 mg/m³ (as Ti)	Not established
	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	20 mg/m³ (as Ti)	Not established
cyclohexanone	TWA	20 ppm S	50 ppm	20 ppm S	50 ppm S	Not established
	STEL	50 ppm S	Not established	50 ppm S	100 ppm S	Not established
dipraseodymium trioxide	TWA	10 mg/m³ TD	15 mg/m³ TD 5 mg/m³ R	Not established	Not established	Not established
pentan-2-one	TWA	Not established	200 ppm	Not established	200 ppm	Not established
	STEL	150 ppm	Not established	150 ppm	Not established	Not established
benzyl alcohol	TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	10 ppm
crystalline silica respirable (>10 microns)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³ R	10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) R Z 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) R Z	0.1 mg/m³ R	0.1 mg/m³ R	Not established
bisphenol A	STEL	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	5 mg/m³
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	TWA	Not established	Not established	0.5 ppm S	Not established	1 ppm S
4-methylpentan-2-one	TWA	20 ppm	100 ppm	50 ppm	50 ppm	Not established
	STEL	75 ppm	Not established	75 ppm	75 ppm	Not established
		Koy to abbroy	<u> </u>	·	·	

Key to abbreviations

A = Acceptable Maximum Peak S
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. SR
C = Ceiling Limit SS

C = Ceiling Limit SS = Skin sensitization
F = Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value R = Respirable TWA = Time Weighted Average

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 4/10

= Potential skin absorption

= Respiratory sensitization

Product name 02GN084 BASE COMPONENT

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Z = OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Eyes Hands

- : Chemical splash goggles and face shield.
- Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves Respiratory

- : butyl rubber
- : By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: 7.78°C (46°F)

Material supports combustion.

: Yes.

Color : Gray.

Odor : Not available. pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 99

: 99.44 to 173.33°C (211 to 344°F)

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 5/10

Product name 02GN084 BASE COMPONENT

9. Physical and chemical properties

Specific gravity : 1.41

Density (lbs / gal) : 11.77

Vapor pressure : 0.95 kPa (7.1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.VOC: 405 α/I

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

% Solid. (w/w) : 51.06

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,acids,oxidizing materials,strong

alkalis

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	33080 mg/m3	4 hours
	Vapor			
butan-2-ol	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
titanium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
cyclohexanone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.54 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.948 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
pentan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6500 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
reaction product: bisphenol-A-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2 g/kg	-
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 g/kg	-
bisphenol A	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
·	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3 g/kg	-
4-nonylphenol, branched	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.58 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 g/kg	-
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Oral	Rat	2500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	805 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	2.08 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	32772 mg/m3	4 hours
	Vapor			
i	1	1	1	1

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 6/10

Product name 02GN084 BASE COMPONENT

11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Defatting irritant

 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, heart, spleen, brain, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin, bones, eye, lens or cornea, nose/sinuses.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity

: Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
tranium dioxide	A4	2B	-	-
cyclohexanone	A3	3	-	-
crystalline silica respirable (>10 microns)	A2	1	Known to be a	-
			human	
			carcinogen.	
4-methylpentan-2-one	A3	2B	-	-

Carcinogen Classification code: ACGIH: A1, A2, A3, A4, A5

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4 NTP: Proven, Possible

OSHA: +

Not listed or regulated as a carcinogen: -

Developmental effects

: Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal

data.

Fertility effects

: Contains material which may impair male fertility, based on animal data. Contains material which may impair female fertility, based on animal data.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<mark>∌</mark> utan-2-ol	Acute LC50 3670000 to 3990000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4227000 to 7143000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
cyclohexanone	Acute LC50 527000 to 578000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
pentan-2-one	Acute LC50 1240000 to 1290000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
bisphenol A	Acute LC50 4600 to 5400 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 9400 to 11000 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Atlantic silverside - Menidia menidia	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.75 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia	48 hours

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 7/10

12. Ecological information

		magna	
4-nonylphenol, branched	Acute LC50 135.1 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 142 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 23 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.24 to 0.26 mg/L Marine water	Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
3, 6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	Acute LC50 33900 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 to 514000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG
UN number	☑ N1263	☑ N1263	☑ N1263	☑ N1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	Yes.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	(reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin)	Not applicable.	(reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin)

United States - Canada - Mexico

Page: 8/10

Product name 02GN084 BASE COMPONENT

14. Transport information

Additional information

DOT : None identified.

TDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

Mexico : None identified.

IMDG: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

15. Regulatory information

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS) : At least one component is not listed.

Canada inventory (DSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : At least one component is not listed.

Europe inventory (REACH) : Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this

material.

Japan inventory (ENCS) : All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI) : At least one component is not listed.

New Zealand (NZIoC) : Substance Use Restricted

Philippines inventory (PICCS) : At least one component is not listed.

United States

SARA 302/304: Hydrogen chloride

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 4-methylpentan-2-one: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); cyclohexanone: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg);

SARA 311/312 SDS Distribution - Chemical Inventory - Hazard Identification:

Chemical name	CAS#	<u>Acute</u>	Chronic	<u>Fire</u>	Reactive	Pressure
G ypsum	13397-24-5	N	N	N	N	N
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	Υ	N	Υ	N	N
butan-2-ol	78-92-2	Υ	N	Υ	N	N
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	N	Υ	N	N	N
cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N
dipraseodymium trioxide	12036-32-7	N	N	N	N	N
pentan-2-one	107-87-9	Υ	N	Υ	N	N
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	Υ	N	N	N	N
reaction product: bisphenol-A-	25068-38-6	Υ	N	N	N	N
(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin						
crystalline silica respirable (>10	14808-60-7	N	Υ	N	N	N
microns)						
4-nonylphenol, branched	84852-15-3	Υ	Υ	N	N	N
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	112-24-3	Υ	N	N	N	N
Product	as-supplied:	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N

SARA 313 Chemical name CAS number Concentration

Supplier notification butan-2-ol 78-92-2 5 - 10

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 9/10

Date of issue 24 February 2014 Version 3

Product name 02GN084 BASE COMPONENT

15 . Regulatory information

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class E: Corrosive liquid. Class D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic). Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Mexico

Classification

Flammability: 3 Health: 3 Reactivity: 0

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 * Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0

(*) - Chronic

effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 11/25/2013.

Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

United States - Canada - Mexico Page: 10/10